## J.K. Cement Works, Mangrol (Raj.)

Ref. No.: MGR-PC -13/ 2 MM8

22.09.2014

To,
The Member Secretary
Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board
4, Industrial Area
Jhalana Doongri
JAIPUR – 302004 (Raj)

SUBJECT: Environmental Statement for the year 2013-2014 (02 Copies)

Dear Sir,

In accordance to the Notification in the Gazette of India dated 13 March, 1992 under the provision of Sec. (6) of Environment Protection Act, 1986 wherein certain processes require consent under section 21 of Air (Prevention & Control) Act, 1981 & under section 25 of water (Prevention & Control) Act, 1974 or both or Authorization under the Hazardous Waste (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rule 2008 issued under the (Environment Protection) Act 1986.

We are enclosing herewith Environment Statement Report of Tilakhera Limestone Mine for the year 2013-2014 for your kind reference and record. We trust you will find the same in order.

Thanking You.

yaym2

Yours Faithfully
For J.K. Cement Works, Mangrol

S.K. Acharya Astt. V.P. (E & I)

Encl.:a/a

Copy to -

The Regional Officer

Rajasthan State Pollution Control Board

Near FCI Godown, Chanderia Distt.- CHITTORGARH (RAJ)

⇒Pollution Control deptt.

#### Government of India Ministry of Environment and Forest

## " FORM – V "

(See rule 14)

# ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE $31^{\rm ST}$ MARCH 2014

## Mangrol-Tilakhera Mine of M/s J.K. Cement works, MANGROL (Raj.)

#### PART – A

(I)	Name & Address of the Owner / Occupier of the Industry Operation or Process	K.K.Jalori Unit Head J.K. Cement Works, MANGROL Kailash Nagar: 312 617 NIMBAHERA, Chittorgarh (Raj.)
(II)	Industry Category Primary (STC CODE) Secondary (SIC CODE)	Polluting (Non – Hazardous) PRIMARY STC Category
(III)	Production Capacity	0.6 MMTPA
(IV)	Year of Establishment	Year 1979
(V)	Date of last Environmental Statement Submitted	September, 2013

#### PART - B

## Water & Raw Material Consumption

#### A. Water

(i) Over All Consumption - M<sup>3</sup>/day

Process - 14.5 (Spray on Road / Mining, Drilling etc.)

 Cooling:
 Nil

 Domestic
 0.5

 Total
 15.0

#### (ii) Consumption per unit of production

Name of the Product		ocess Water Consumption per unit of Product Output	
	During the Previous Financial Year	During the Current Financial Year	
Limestone	11.09 Ltrs / Unit	09.48 Ltrs / Unit	

## **B. Raw Material Consumption**

Name of the Raw Material	Name of Product	Consumption of Raw Material per Unit Product Output	
		During the Previous Financial Year	During the Current Financial Year
HSD	Limestone	0.45Ltrs. Per Ton	0.51 Ltrs. Per Ton

# PART - C Pollutant Discharge To Environment / Unit of Output

(Parameters as specified in the consent issued)

(I)	Pollutants	Quantity of Pollutants Discharged ( Mass / day )	Concentrations of Pollutants in discharged ( Mass / volume )	Percentage of variation from prescribed standard with reasons
(a)	Water			
(i)	Colonial		NIL	
(ii)	Industrial		NIL	

## WATER ANALYSES RESULTS

Post Monsoon dated 02.11.2013

SAMPLE	MINE	TUBEWELL	HANDPUMP NEAR
PARTICULAR	PITWATER	WATER	SHAHBAD
COLOUR & ODOUR	Clear & Natural	Clear & Natural	Clear & Natural
Ph	7.4	7.4	7.16
TSS	42	43	45
TOTAL HARDNESS	396	204	468
Ca+ HARDNESS	180	180	348
Mg+ HARDNESS	216	24	120
CONDUTIVITY	481	471	800
TDS	289	283	480
CLORIDES	26	24	24
TURBIDITY	0.9	1.2	1.7

## **AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING DATA**

(SPM Monthly Average in  $\mu$ g/M<sup>3</sup>)

## J.K.CEMENT WORKS, MANGROL

<u>Tilakhera MINE</u>

Year: 2013-14

Month	NEAR MINE OFFICE	NEAR RAVANA OFFICE
Apr-13	323	366
May-13	333	374
Jun-13	320	356
Jul-13	309	325
Aug-13	303	314.4
Sep-13	387	378
Oct-13 353.3		390.8
Nov-13 329.2		352.8
Dec-13	346.9	372.1
Jan-14	341.5	367.4
Feb-14	351.6	383.7
Mar-14	348	373.5

#### PART - D

 $(As\ specified\ under\ Hazardous\ Waste\ Management,\ Handling\ and\ Trans\ Boundary\ Movement\ rules-2008$ 

Hazardous Waste	Total Qua	antity (Kgs.)
	During the Previous Financial Year	During the Current Financial Year

(a)	From Process	Nil.	Nil.
(b)	From Pollution Control Facilities.	N.A.	N.A.

PART - E

#### SOLID WASTES

		Total Quantity	
		During the Previous Financial Year	During the Current Financial Year
(a)	From Process	N.A.	N.A.
(b)	From Pollution Control facilities	N.A.	N.A.
(c)	(i) Qty. recycled or reused with in the unit.	NIL	NIL
	(ii) Sold	NIL	NIL
	(iii) Disposed	NIL	NIL

#### PART - F

PLEASE SPECIFY THE CHARACTERISATIONS (IN TERMS OF COMPOSITION AND QUANTUM) OF HAZARDOUS AS WELL AS SOLID WASTES AND INDICATES DISPOSAL PRACTICE ADOPTED FOR BOTH THESE CATEGORIES OF WASTES.

There is no hazardous as well as Solid Waste produced.

#### PART - G

IMPACT OF THE POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES TAKEN ON CONSERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ON THE COST OF PRODUCTION.

#### AIR

Mining operation and related activities are designated as potential sources as under:

- Emissions from Diesel operated earth moving machinery e.g. Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>),
   Oxides of Nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>), Suspended Particulate Matter (SPM), Respirable
   Particulate Matter (RPM) etc.
- Local air borne dust due to excavation, drilling and blasting operations.
- Air borne dust pollution due to loading, unloading, transportation etc.

From the base line study the Air Quality near on going mining activities, the pollutants level was observed very low or below the detection limit except SPM and RPM.

There is no impact observed on vegetation & water bodies in the surrounding areas, as it will be suppressed at its generating sources.

The following measures are taken to suppress the dust at the source as well as to prevent the same, spreading in the atmosphere:

- Wet drilling system is provided on all drill machines.
- Regular water sprinkling on haul road during operation.
- Optimize blasting parameters for proper fragmentation to reduce dust generation.
- Plantation and development of Green Belt along the Haul Roads and Working Pits.

#### WATER

Being Mechanised Limestone mine, it requires water mainly for Wet Drilling, Road Spraying, Green Belt Development, and Machineries Washing. Water consumption is around 15 M³/day. The source of water is the accumulated rainwater in the lower most benches. There is no liquid effluent / waste water.

#### NOISE

Noise is generated in the mine due to following mining activities:

- Excavation, drilling, blasting and operations of HEMM.
- Transportation and handling of material.

The results of base line noise level survey are well below the permissible limit except near machinery while operating. The noise generating sources are scattered within the whole mining area. All the sources will not generate the noise simultaneously hence; the noise level would not alter the noise environment significantly. The noise level reduces with increase in distance from the source.

The following measures are taken to reduce the noise level at the source as well as to prevent the same, spreading in the atmosphere:

- Providing enclosures for noise sources to reduce dispersion of noise like cabin in HEMM.
- 2. Proper maintenance and lubrication of machinery rotating parts.
- 3. Use electric delay detonator on surface in place of detonating fuse.
- 4. Use of low quantity detonating fuse (8gm/m in place of 10gm/m).
- 5. By covering the detonating fuse as well as detonators under drill cutting or the fine material.
- 6. By providing earmuffs and earplugs to eligible miners.
- 7. Blasting between 12.00 noon to 3.00 PM when air density is low.
- 8. Use of Air Decking & sufficient column stemming in the blast holes.
- 9. Use of NONEL.

## **NOISE LEVEL DATA**

## J.K.CEMENT WORKS, MANGROL

## Tilakhera MINE

Monthly Average In dB(A)

Year: 2013-14

	NEAR MINE OFFICE		ICE NEAR RAVANA OFFICE	
Month	Day Time	Night Time	Day Time	Night Time
Apr-13	68.5	60.9	70.8	62
May-13	67.3	59.4	69.5	61.4
Jun-13	68.1	60	70.2	60.8
Jul-13	67.1	59.2	69.1	60.4
Aug-13	68	58	69.8	60.9
Sep-13	68.9	60.1	70.3	61.4
Oct-13	67.8	59.5	69.2	60
Nov-13	69.8	58.1	70.8	59.6
Dec-13	67.5	58.6	69.7	61
Jan-14	67	57.8	69.4	60.5
Feb-14	67.4	58.5	68.5	59.4
Mar-14	68.4	59	69.3	60.2

## **GROUND VIBRATION**

M/s IDL had carried out vibration study & recommended safe charge per delay at various distances for keeping the parameters of blasting well within the limit.

The following steps are taken to control ground vibration:

1. Optimize drilling parameters like spacing, burden and sub-grade drilling.

- 2. Optimize maximum charge per delay.
- 3. Use of Non Electric Detonator with delay-blasting technique.
- 4. Use of Sequential Blasting Machine.
- 5. Monitoring of ground vibration by "Mini-mate".

#### PART - H

ADDITONAL MEASURES / INVESTMENT PROPOSALS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION INCLUDING ABATEMENT POLLUTION, PREVENTION OF POLLUTION.

## EXPENDITURE INCURRED ON POLLUTION CONTROL SYSTEM

S. No.	Activity	Recurring Cost per Annum(2013-14) ( Rs in Lacs)
	Plantation	
	a) Green belt development around the mines out	3.60
1.	area, by way of aforestation & developing the	
7.00	patched of grass land .	
	b) Avenue plantation	-
	c) Barren lands	-
2.	Dust control & suppression	3.97
3.	Compaction of Haul Roads, boulder pitching of bench edges, etc.	1.33
4.	Monitoring of environmental parameters	1.0
5.	Organisational Set-up	4.80
6.	Socio-Economic Development	15.64
	Total Expenditure	30.34

#### PART-I

ANY OTHER PARTICULARS FOR IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF ENVIRONMENT.

Mine has planted 1250 plants in and around mining area during the period under review.

For JK CEMENT WORKS, MANGROL